

Task Title: Calculating Service Size

OALCF Cover Sheet – Learner Copy

Learner Name:

Date Started (m/d/yyyy):_____

Date Completed (m/d/yyyy):

Task Description: Electricians calculate the service size for homes and other buildings. They take into consideration the size of the home and the minimum legal service size.

Competency: A: Find and Use Information

- B: Communicate Ideas and Information
- C: Understand and Use Numbers
- D: Use Digital Technology

Task Groups: A1: Read continuous text

- A2: Interpret documents
- B2: Write continuous text
- C3: Use measures

Level Indicators:

- A1.1: Read brief texts to locate specific details
- A1.2: Read texts to locate and connect ideas and information
- A2.2: Interpret simple documents to locate and connect information

Task Title: CalculatingServiceSize_A_A1.1_A1.2_A2.2_B2.1_B2.2_C3.1_C3.2_D.1

- B2.1: Write brief texts to convey simple ideas and factual information
- B2.2: Write texts to explain and describe information and ideas
- C3.1: Measure and make simple comparisons and calculations
- C3.2: Use measures to make one-step calculations
- D.1: Perform simple digital tasks according to a set procedure

Materials Required:

- Pencil and/or digital device
- Calculator

Learner Information

Electricians calculate the service size for homes. Service size is the amount of electricity (measured in amperes (amps)) that a house requires. The electricity enters the house through a fuse or breaker panel; the panel is rated for the service size calculated (e.g. 60, 100, 120, 150, 200 amps).

Electricians take into consideration the size of the home, the number of plugs, lights and appliances requiring electricity and the minimum legal service size. They also read the Canadian Electrical Code to determine maximum items/load on a circuit.

Service size is based on 2 factors: calculated load and minimum service size.

The calculated load is the sum of all the loads. A load is anything (a resistor) powered by electricity such as plugs, lights, stoves, dryers and furnaces; light switches are not included in the calculation. Minimum lights, switches and plugs are listed in the Canadian Electrical Code and are based on the room type and size as well as the square meters of the house. The basic load for a house (up to 90 m2) is 5,000 watts; other resistors (such as a stove) are added to this to determine the total wattage.

The minimum service size is based on the square meters of the house. It is legal (and sometimes preferred) to have a larger service size than required (so more items requiring electricity can be added later) but it is illegal to install a smaller service size than required.

Work Sheet

True	False	
b) Service size is me	asured in amperes.	
True	False	
c) The basic load for	watts.	

Task 2: Amperes (amps) = Watts (Total)/Volts

a) Calculate the total amps required for the following service:

- Basic load = 5,000 watts
- Range (stove) = 6,000 watts
- Dryer = 1,000 watts

The service is 240 volts.

Answer:

Task 1:

b) The area of this house is 84 m². Use the Service Size table (partial) below to determine the minimum legal service size for this house. Write your answer in a full sentence below.

Sq. Meters	Minimum	Include
	Service Size	basement
	(amps)	dimensions in
		calculation
Less than 80	60	No
80 - 90	100	No
90 - 180	120	Yes (75%)

Answer:

Information for Task 3:

Rule 12–4,000: A maximum of 12 outlets may be connected to a circuit. These may be plugs (excluding special ones in the kitchen or for appliances such as a refrigerator) or lights or any combination. It is better to have a circuit contain both lights and plugs. Light switches do not count as part of the 12. It is encouraged that 10 (or even 8) plugs or lights be on any circuit but 12 is the legal maximum.

Count a single or duplex receptacle (plug) as one outlet.

Rule 2-316 and 30-502: The Electrical Code requires at least one light, controlled by a switch for the dining room, den and living room.

Rule 26-712(a)(c) requires that a receptacle (plug) be no further than 1.8 m from an appliance (e.g. lamp, television).

Task Title: CalculatingServiceSize_A_A1.1_A1.2_A2.2_B2.1_B2.2_C3.1_C3.2_D.1

Task 3: a) A house has a living room, a dining room and a den. The den has 4 receptacles, the living room has 4 and the dining room has 3. Calculate the number of lights, plugs and switches required for the three rooms.

Answer:

Task 3b): Can the 3 rooms be put on one circuit? Explain your answer.

Answer: